











Conferência

Promoção da Saúde em Escolas: O Presente e o Futuro num Mundo em Mudança

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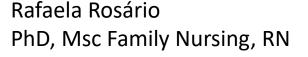






Promoção da saúde em escolas: o presente e futuro num mundo em mudança







Sumário

- 1-Obesidade e NCDs: Presente e futuro.
- 2-Programa de intervenção em escolas primárias o início
- 3-Program de intervenção: Creche "Healthy children 2021"
- 4-Projeto FCT BeE-school (Be Empowered in school) "A health promotion intervention for vulnerable school children and families (BeE-school): a cluster-randomized trial"









- NCD redução da mortalidade prematura em 1/3 até 2030 ¹
- NCD apresentam determinantes e riscos comuns
- Em crianças é praticamente inexistente a presença de NCD, mas o risco dos determinantes que potenciam estas doenças já existe
 - Obesidade
 - Hábitos alimentares poucos saudáveis
 - Movimento desarmonioso
- Alterações climáticas

1 WHO. Health in 2015: from MDGs, millennium development goals to SDGs, sustainable development goals. World Health Organization, 2015.







Overweight and obesity in Portugal

			nças anos)	Adolescentes (10-17 anos)		
		Feminino Masculino		Feminino	Masculino	
Obesidade						
	n ponderado	25 R17	33.465	24.319	50.087	
	prevalência ponderada	6,9%	8,5%	5,9%	11,4%	
	IC 95%	[2,8-11,1] [4,7-12,4]		[3,1-8,8]	[5,7-17,0]	
Pré-obesidade						
	n ponderado	69 874	67 199	89.365	111.194	
1	prevalência ponderada	18,7%	15,9%	21,7%	25,3%	
	IC 95%	[13,7-23,8]	[11,4-20,4]	[16,3-27,1]	[18,7-31,8]	







Time trends in prevalence and incidence rates of childhood overweight and obesity in Portugal: Generation XXI birth cohort

Ana Isabel Freitas¹ · Carla Moreira¹ · Ana Cristina Santos^{1,2}

Table 1 Anthropometric characteristics of the participants stratified by age of follow-up and sex

	4 years ($n = 5497$; 50.7% boys)			7 years $(n = 5397; 51.5\% \text{ boys})$			10 years ($n = 4956$; 50.9% boys)		
	Boys $(n = 2786)$	Girls $(n = 2711)$	<i>p</i> -value ^a	Boys $(n = 2781)$	Girls $(n = 2616)$	<i>p</i> -value ^a	Boys $(n = 2521)$	Girls $(n = 2435)$	<i>p</i> -value ^a
Age (months ± SD) Anthropometry	52.4 ± 5.1	52.4 ± 5.0	0.798	85.7 ± 3.0	85.6 ± 2.8	0.227	121.7 ± 3.9	122.0 ± 4.2	0.003
Weight $(kg \pm SD)$	18.3 ± 2.9	18.2 ± 3.1	0.155	26.4 ± 5.2	26.3 ± 5.4	0.506	37.5 ± 8.5	38.3 ± 9.2	0.001
Height $(cm \pm SD)$	105.9 ± 5.0	104.8 ± 4.9	< 0.001	124.3 ± 5.4	123.2 ± 5.3	< 0.001	141.0 ± 6.4	141.4 ± 6.9	0.010
BMI (kg/m ² \pm SD)	16.2 ± 1.6	16.4 ± 1.9	< 0.001	17.0 ± 2.4	17.2 ± 2.6	< 0.001	18.7 ± 3.3	19.0 ± 3.5	0.003
BMI Z-scores (±SD)	0.6 ± 1.1	0.7 ± 1.1	0.019	0.7 ± 1.2	0.7 ± 1.1	0.725	0.8 ± 1.3	0.7 ± 1.2	0.006
Child's BMI category (n; %)			0.050			0.218			0.017
Underweight	14; 0.5	12; 0.5		15; 0.5	8; 0.3		28; 1.1	24; 1.0	
Normal weight	1908; 68.5	1766; 65.1		1740; 62.6	1602; 61.2		1396; 55.4	1383; 56.8	
Overweight	590; <u>21.2</u>	<u>622; 22.9</u>		589; <u>21.2</u>	604; <u>23.1</u>		624; <u>24.8</u>	670; <u>27.5</u>	
Obese	274; 9.8	311; 11.5		437; 15.7	402; 15.4		473; 18.8	358; 14.7	

^aSex-related differences were assessed by either Student's t-test or χ^2 test











NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC)*



Summary

Background Comparable global data on health and nutrition of school-aged children and adolescents are scarce. We Lancet 2020; 396: 1511-24







Body Mass Index Categories and Attained Height in Portuguese Adults

Rafaela Rosário^{a, b} Renata Barros^c Vitor Hugo Teixeira^c Oscar Lopes^g Pedro Moreira^{c, d}

Renata Barros^c Patrícia Padrão^{c, d} Rute Santos^{e, f} Oscar Lopes^g Nelson Andrade^c Andre Moreira^{d, h}

Rosário et al., 2018. obesity facts

DE GRUYTER

J Pediatr Endocrinol Metab 2019; aop

Rafaela Rosário*, Cesar Agostinis-Sobrinho, Luís Lopes, Pedro Moreira, Patrícia Padrão, André Oliveira, Carla Moreira, Susana Póvoas, Jorge Mota and Rute Santos

Adiposity and attained height in adolescents: a longitudinal analysis from the LabMed Physical Activity Study

Rosário et al., 2019. Journal Ped End Metab

European Journal of Clinical Nutrition https://doi.org/10.1038/s41430-019-0494-x

ARTICLE

Body composition, energy expenditure and physical activity

Longitudinal associations between body composition and regional fat distribution and later attained height at school entry among preschool children predisposed to overweight

Rafaela Rosário (1) · Nanna Julie Olsen · Jeanett Friis Rohde · Mina Nicole Händel (1) · Rute Santos (1) · Rute Santos (1) · Berit Lilienthal Heitmann · Rute Santos (1) · Rut

Rosário et al., 2019. EJCN





Article

Longitudinal Associations between Intake of Fruit and Vegetables and Height Attainment from Preschool to School Entry

Rafaela Rosário ^{1,2,*}, Mina Nicole Händel ³, Jeanett Friis Rohde ³, Nanna Julie Olsen ³ and Berit Lilienthal Heitmann ^{3,4,5}

Rosário et al., 2021. IJERPH







Inundações de "proporções catastróficas" no centro da Europa Expresso, 16 de Julho 2021











Photo, Beira – Mozambique, 2019



Nesta fotografia, de 4 de junho de 2017, paquistaneses banham-se num canal para vencer o calor e obter algum alívio da temperatura extremamente quente, durante o oitavo dia do Ramadão.
Temperaturas máximas de 47 graus Celsius foram registadas em Lahore, no Paquistão.

31 OCT - 12 NOV 2021 GLASGOW

IN PARTNERSHIP WITH ITALY









THE LANCET







The Global Syndemic of Obesity, Undernutrition, and Climate Change: The Lancet Commission report



Boyd A Swinburn, Vivica I Kraak, Steven Allender, Vincent J Atkins, Phillip I Baker, Jessica R Bogard, Hannah Brinsden, Alejandro Calvillo, Olivier De Schutter, Raji Devarajan, Majid Ezzati, Sharon Friel, Shifalika Goenka, Ross A Hammond, Gerard Hastings, Corinna Hawkes, Mario Herrero, Peter S Hovmand, Mark Howden, Lindsay M Jaacks, Ariadne B Kapetanaki, Matt Kasman, Harriet V Kuhnlein, Shiriki K Kumanyika, Bagher Larijani, Tim Lobstein, Michael W Long, Victor K R Matsudo, Susanna D H Mills, Gareth Morgan, Alexandra Morshed, Patricia M Nece, An Pan, David W Patterson, Gary Sacks, Meera Shekar, Geoff L Simmons, Warren Smit, Ali Tootee, Stefanie Vandevijvere, Wilma E Waterlander, Luke Wolfenden, William H Dietz

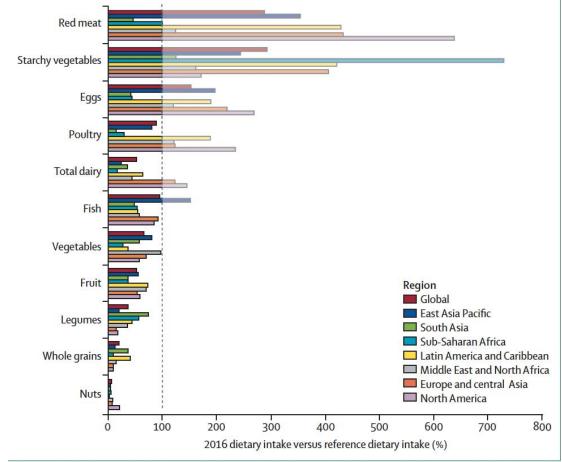


Figure 1: Diet gap between dietary patterns in 2016 and reference diet intakes of food
Data on 2016 intakes are from the Global Burden of Disease database.³⁹ The dotted line represents intakes in reference diet (table 1).

Willet et al. 2019. Food in the Anthropocene: the EAT-Lancet Commission or healthy diets from sustainable food systems. Lancet







doi: 10.1111/joim.13333

The Mediterranean diet and health: a comprehensive overview

From the ¹Department of Nutrition, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health; ²Channing Division of Network Medicine, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School; and ³Department of Epidemiology, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA, USA

"It is likely that the combination of a **healthy diet** with **social behaviours** and the way of life of Mediterranean regions makes the MedDiet a sustainable **lifestyle model** that could likely be followed in other regions with country-specific and culturally appropriate variations."









HOME

ABOUT US ▼

Improving the health of children and young people in the European Region and Central Asia

Schools are a setting for health.

Domains of adolescent well-being:

good health and optimum nutrition;

connectedness, positive values, and contribution to society;

safety and a supportive environment;

learning, competence, education, skills, and employability; and

agency and resilience.

Source: Annex 1, resources for adolescent well-being

Schools are increasingly regarded as a key setting for promoting the health, well-being and development of children and adolescents (23). Globally, most children and adolescents







COVID-19 and Schools Closure: Implications for School Nurses

Rafaela Rosário, PhD

School of Nursing, University of Minho, Portugal Health Sciences Research Unit: Nursing (UICISA: E), Nursing School of Coimbra (ESEnfC), Portugal Lifestyles: We know that compliance to 24-h movement behavior guidelines (physical activity, sedentary behavior, and sleep) is low (Janssen et al., 2017). In addition, the consumption of fruit and vegetables in children is below recommendations (Marinho et al., 2020). If these lifestyles are maintained or even impaired during confinement, similarly to a summer break (Wang et al., 2015), it is possible that overweight or obesity increase (Rundle et al., 2020).

On the other hand, many children may be deprived of essential goods, due to the absence of social support provided by schools such as free lunches or food at reduced prices (Joob & Wiwanitkit, 2020; Van Lancker & Parolin, 2020).

Health Literacy: The knowledge and skills needed to find, understand, judge, and use the most relevant information on health and COVID-19, in order to make the best decisions about health, is considered essential. Beyond COVID-19 pandemic, there is an infodemic, with increased conspiracy theories, fake news, and misinformation (AFP Fact Check, 2020).

Rosário et al., 2020. Journal of school nursing





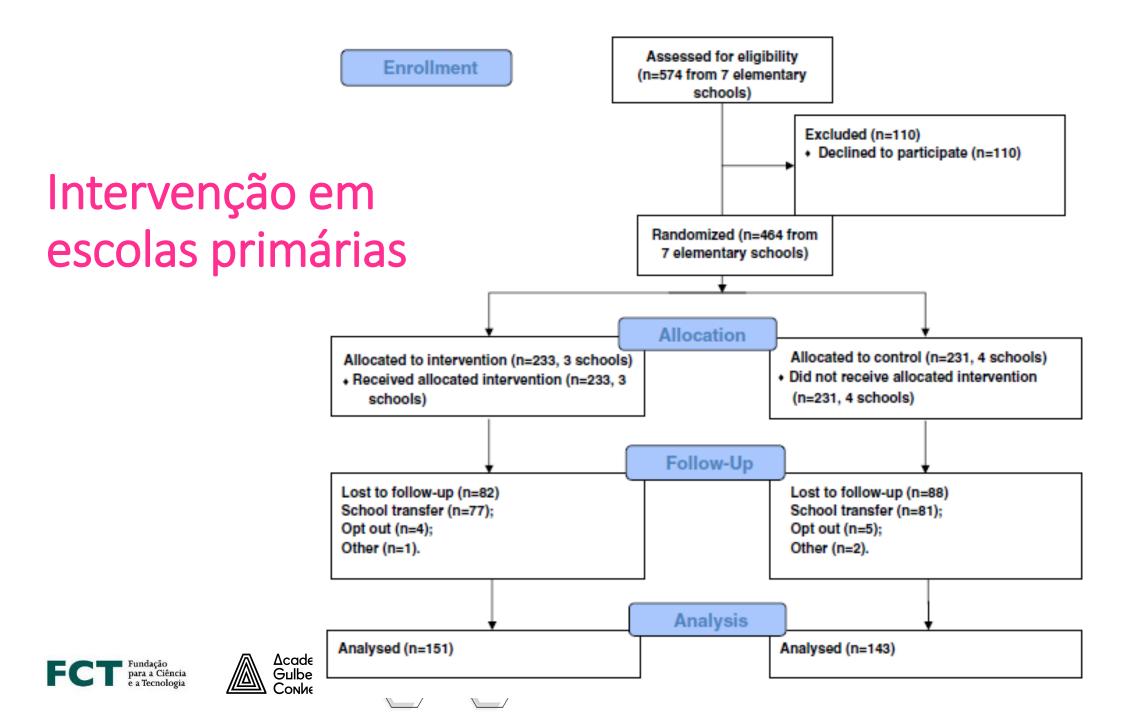












Recolha de dados

Antropometria

Índice de AF

Questionário alimentar 24h

Perfil sociodemográfic o







Sessions and Description of the Attendance Phase During the Intervention Program

Session Title

- Incorporating characteristics of health promotion
- 2. Incorporating key concepts
- Development of appropriate guidelines: meeting children's needs

Description

This session focused on health promotion and overweight and obesity prevention. It focused on lifestyle determinants of health and obesity—definitions and descriptions of the problem, risk factors, and health problems.

This session provided an overview of food and nutrition concepts.

This session documented the dietary guidelines (the Portuguese Food Wheel) and healthy eating advice for children, covering the five main food groups. Participants explored resources and guidelines related to food and nutrition needs for children.







4. Working with the families

- Linking best practice to practice: incorporating characteristics of effective interventions in nutrition and food consumption in the classroom
- A variety of interventions to help children and their families to consume healthy foods and plan well-balanced meals and snacks were explored. Participants also analyzed models of family-centered care.
- This session provided a broad of approaches to teach children about the importance of water, and teaching strategies to replace consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages with water. Participants in this session engaged in activities to support the implementation of the program.







- 6 and 7. Linking best practice to practice:
 incorporating characteristics of
 effective interventions in physical
 activity, nutrition, and food
 consumption in the classroom
- 8. Health behavior change

This session provided a broad of appropriate physical activity levels and healthy eating behaviors such as increasing fruit and vegetable intake and decreasing energy-dense, micronutrient-poor foods. Participants in this session engaged in activities to support the implementation of the program.

This session focused on teaching strategies, health promotion model, and social cognitive theory to be used in the classroom. The participants engaged in techniques of decision-making refusal skills, and communication.







- Linking best practice to practice: incorporating characteristics of effective interventions in reducing sedentary behavior in the classroom
- 10. Assessment of the training program
- 11 and 12. Working with the families

A variety of strategies to reduce sedentary behavior such as screen exposure time were analyzed. Participants in this session engaged in activities to support the implementation of the program.

Global assessment of the training program was carried out.

This session provided healthy cooking and strategies to get children and families involved in healthy cooking.







Intervenção em escolas primárias

Research Article

The Impact of an Intervention Taught by Trained Teachers on Childhood Fruit and Vegetable Intake: A Randomized Trial

Rafaela Rosário,^{1,2} Ana Araújo,² Bruno Oliveira,³ Patrícia Padrão,³ Oscar Lopes,⁴ Vítor Teixeira,³ André Moreira,⁵ Renata Barros,³ Beatriz Pereira,² and Pedro Moreira^{3,6}

Impact of a school-based intervention to promote fruit intake: a cluster randomized controlled trial

R. Rosário a,b,*, A. Araújo c, P. Padrão c, O. Lopes d, A. Moreira d, S. Abreu d, S. Vale d, B. Pereira d, P. Moreira d, P.

Article

The Impact of an Intervention Taught by Trained Teachers on Childhood Overweight

Rafaela Rosário ^{1,2,*}, Bruno Oliveira ³, Ana Araújo ², Oscar Lopes ⁴, Patrícia Padrão ³, André Moreira ⁵, Vítor Teixeira ³, Renata Barros ³, Beatriz Pereira ² and Pedro Moreira ^{3,6}

Impact of an intervention through teachers to prevent consumption of low nutrition, energy-dense foods and beverages: A randomized trial

Rafaela Rosário ^{a,b,*}, Ana Araújo ^b, Bruno Oliveira ^c, Patrícia Padrão ^{c,d}, Oscar Lopes ^e, Vítor Teixeira ^{c,f}, André Moreira ^g, Renata Barros ^c, Beatriz Pereira ^b, Pedro Moreira ^{c,d,f}

Health Promotion Intervention to Improve Diet Quality in Children: A Randomized Trial







Rafaela Rosário, PhD¹
Ana Araújo, MSc²
Patrícia Padrão, PhD²
Oscar Lopes, MSc³
André Moreira, PhD²
Beatriz Pereira, PhD¹
Pedro Moreira, PhD²

Tendências e futuro



















HOME

ABOUT US ▼

Improving the health of children and young people in the European Region and Central Asia







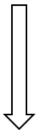
Sprint sessions SHE Academy 2021

With 25 participants from 15 countries

Children's needs: n=28 criteria What Works: n=21 criteria Knowledge integration: n=19 criteria

Round "RELEVANCE": N=68 criteria

Voting based on a 4 Likert scale criteria by 23 participants



Excluded:

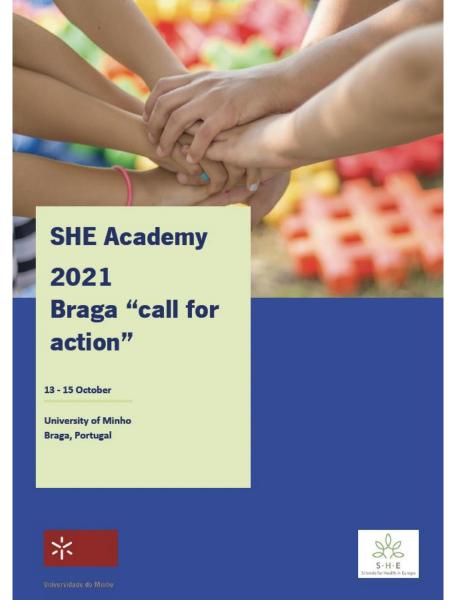
Children's needs: n=11 criteria What Works: n=2 criteria Knowledge integration: n=8 criteria Rated "not relevant", "somewhat relevant" by 25% or more participant

Children's needs: n=3 criteria
What Works: n=1 criteria
Knowledge integration: n=1 criteria
With less than 66.7% of participants rating "very

relevant"

Braga "Call for Action"

Children's needs: n=14 criteria What Works: n=18 criteria Knowledge integration: n=10 criteria



- Stress (crianças, pais e professores)
- Ausência de motivação (crianças)
- Iniquidades
- Determinantes da saúde
- Diversidade das crianças
- Desenvolvimento profissional dos professores (poucas oportunidades)
- Gap entre evidência, políticas e práticas











"A health promotion intervention for vulnerable school - children and families (BeE-school): a cluster randomized trial"

PTDC/SAU-ENF/2584/2021







































risk behaviours, obesity, raised blood pressure



adults







Aims



Analyse the effectiveness of the intervention program, based on the promotion of health literacy and lifestyles, specifically on children's:

- 1-health literacy and infodemic resilience (Aim 1);
- 2-lifestyles (e.g. dietary intake, 24hmovement behaviour) (Aim2);
- 3-overweight and obesity (Aim 3);
- 4-blood pressure (Aim 4).

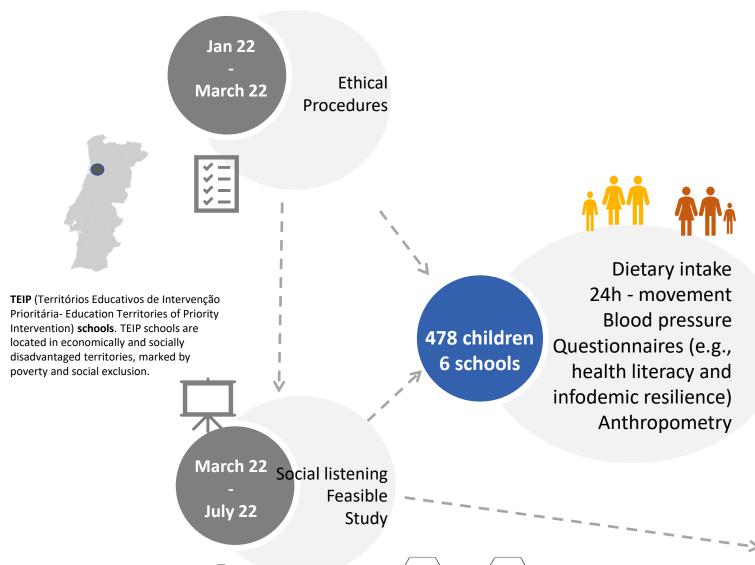






April- July 2023















24h anteriores e QFA

Actigraph GT3X à volta da cintura, 24h/dia durante 7 dias



Pressão arterial

Sociodemografico (education, income, occupation) Pais

Literacia em saúde (crianças, pais e professores) Resiliência à infodemia (crianças, pais e professores)

Portuguese Children's Sleep Habits Questionnaire















Programa de intervenção — "knoweledge integration process — translational research"

Março - julho 2023 - online Março - julho 22 - offline Junho 22

TO Social listening online /offline

Artifficial inteligence | Focus group

T1, T2, T3

knowledge from multiple disciplines evidence-based

T4 -Final program

- Training?
- Ambient?
- Digital world?







Principais resultados esperados

Model for characterising NCDs and health topics based on artificial intelligence techniques

Advocacy- policies about health promotion and NCDs' prevention.



infodemic resilience of children, families and teachers

Feasible intervention program about health promotion and NCDs' prevention for school-aged children with vulnerabilities

Enhanced children's lifestyles

Reduction of NCDs' physical risk factors (e.g. overweight, raised blood pressure)









Rafaela Rosário, PhD School Health, Family



Maria José Silva, MSc Child health, Family



Cláudia Augusto, PhD Family



Silvana Martins, PhD Psychology, Child health, family



Ana Duarte, PhD cand Child health



Patrícia Padrão, PhD Nutrition, health



Pedro Moreira, PhD Nutrition, health



Beatriz Pereira, PhD Physical activity, Bullying, health



Inês Fronteira, PhD International Public Health



Rosário Martins, PhD International Public Health



Neida Ramos, PhD cand International Public Health



Oscar Lopes, MSc Management, health







Promoção da saúde em escolas: o presente e futuro num mundo em mudança





Rafaela Rosário PhD, Msc Family Nursing, RN